

PRODUCT KEY FACTS

Fullgoal International Fund Series OFC Fullgoal Select Investment Grade Bond Fund ("Sub-Fund")

March 2025

Issuer: Fullgoal Asset Management (HK) Limited

- This statement provides you with key information about this product.
- This statement is a part of the Offering Document.
- You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.

Manager:	Fullgoal Asset Management (HK) Limited	
Custodian:	CMB Wing Lung (Trustee) Limited	
Ongoing charges over a year^:	Class A HKD (DIST)* – 1.42%	Class I HKD (DIST)* – 1.12%
	Class A USD (DIST) – 1.42%	Class I USD (DIST)* – 1.12%
	Class A RMB (DIST)* – 1.42%	Class I RMB (DIST)* – 1.12%
	Class S HKD (DIST)* – 0.82%	Class S HKD (ACC)* – 0.82%
	Class S USD (DIST) – 0.82%	Class S USD (ACC)* – 0.82%
	Class S RMB (DIST)* – 0.82%	Class S RMB (ACC)* – 0.82%
	Class S RMB Hedged (DIST) *– 0.82%	
	Class S RMB Hedged (ACC)* – 0.82%	
	Class I RMB Hedged (DIST) *– 1.12%	
	^ The ongoing charges figure is based on expenses chargeable to the relevant class of shares for the year ended 31 December 2024, expresses as a percentage of the average net asset value of the relevant class of shares over the same period. The ongoing charges figure may vary from year to year.	
	year ended 31 December 2024 similar fee structure and represe expenses chargeable to the response over a 12-month period exprese estimated average Net Asset Va shares of the Sub-Fund over the charges figures which are calcula	these Share Class are estimated for the based on an existing share class with ents the sum of the estimated ongoin ective classes of shares of the Sub-Fund sed as a percentage of the Sub-Fund lue ("NAV") of the respective classes of same period. Upon launch, the ongoin ated by referring to the above basis ma gure and the figure may vary from year t
Dealing Frequency:	Daily	
Financial year end:	31 December	
Base Currency:	USD	
Dividend policy:	guarantee of regular distribution	the Manager's discretion. There is non- n, nor where distribution is made, the nds (if any) may be paid out of capital o

Minimum investment:	Class A HKD (DIST): HKD10,000 initial, HKD10,000 additional Class I HKD (DIST): HKD1,000,000 initial, HKD500,000 additional Class A USD (DIST): USD1,000 initial, USD1,000 additional Class I USD (DIST): USD100,000 initial, USD50,000 additional Class A RMB (DIST): RMB10,000 initial, RMB10,000 additional Class I RMB / RMB Hedged (DIST): RMB1,000,000 initial, RMB500,000 additional Class S HKD (DIST)/(ACC): HKD1,000,000 initial, HKD1,000,000 additional Class S USD (DIST)/(ACC): USD100,000 initial, USD100,000 additional Class S RMB (DIST)/(ACC): RMB1,000,000 initial, RMB1,000,000 additional
	Class S RMB Hedged (DIST)/(ACC): RMB1,000,000 initial, RMB1,000,000 additional

What is this product?

The Sub-Fund is a sub-fund of Fullgoal International Fund Series OFC ("**Company**"), a Hong Kong domiciled public open-ended fund company with variable capital with limited liability and segregated liability between sub-funds registered and incorporated under Part IVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) ("**SFO**"). The Company and the Sub-Fund are authorised under section 104 of the SFO. It is governed by the laws of Hong Kong.

SFC registration and authorisation do not represent a recommendation or endorsement of the Company or the Sub-Fund nor do they guarantee the commercial merits of the Company or the Sub-Fund or their performance. They do not mean the Company or the Sub-Fund is suitable for all investors nor do they represent an endorsement of its suitability for any particular investor or class of investors.

Investment Objective and Investment Strategy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to maximise total return on investments, comprising both interest income and capital gains.

Investment Strategy

The Sub-Fund will invest primarily (i.e. at least 70% of its NAV) in investment grade debt securities issued or distributed globally, some of which may be offered on private placement basis by entities including, but not limited to, governments, international bodies, public or local authorities, quasi-governmental organizations, state-owned organizations, banks or financial institutions, private enterprises and multinational corporations, irrespective of where such entities are located, established or incorporated. The Sub-Fund may invest less than 30% of its NAV in below investment grade or unrated debt securities, which in the opinion of the Manager are suitable for achieving the investment objective of the Sub-Fund.

For the purpose of the Sub-Fund, (i) "investment grade" means debt securities having a credit rating of Baa3 or BBB- or above by Standard & Poor's, Fitch, Moody's or any other internationally recognised credit rating agencies or debt securities with issuers of the above investment grade rating (if the instrument does not have a credit rating) and (ii) "unrated debt securities" is defined as debt securities which neither the instrument itself nor its issuer has a credit rating. Debt securities in Mainland China that carry a credit rating of AA+ or above rated by China Chengxin International Credit Rating Co., Ltd or China Lianhe Credit Rating Co., Ltd or equivalent ratings by one of the local rating agencies recognised by the relevant authorities in Mainland China ("Chinese-rated Investment Grade Debt Securities") will be considered as equivalent investment grade rating.

The debt securities in which the Sub-Fund may invest include, but are not limited to, long-term bonds, medium-term notes, bills, certificate of deposits and commercial papers.

There is no specific geographical restriction on the Sub-Fund's investments. The Sub-Fund may also invest in emerging markets. The Sub-Fund may invest not more than 20% of its NAV in onshore Mainland China debt securities ("**Onshore Limit**") issued or distributed via the "qualified foreign investor" status of the Manager, Bond Connect, China InterBank Bond Market via the Foreign Access Regime (as defined in the Explanatory Memorandum), and/or other available channels as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time. Subject to the Onshore Limit, the Sub-Fund's aggregate exposure to Mainland China (including investments in offshore and onshore debt securities) may be up to 100% of its NAV. The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its NAV in urban investment bonds (i.e. debt instruments issued by Mainland local government financing vehicles ("**LGFVs**")), and up to 50% of its NAV in "Dim Sum" bonds (i.e. bonds issued outside of Mainland China but denominated in RMB).

The Sub-Fund will not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt securities issued or guaranteed by a single sovereign issuer with a credit rating below investment grade or unrated.

The Sub-Fund may invest less than 30% of its NAV in structured notes, including without limitation, creditlinked notes, market-linked notes, currency-linked notes, and commodity-linked notes. The Sub-Fund may also invest up to 30% of its NAV in collateralised and/or securitised products, including (i) asset backed securities, (ii) mortgage backed securities and (ii) asset backed commercial papers.

The Sub-Fund may invest less than 30% of its NAV in collective investment schemes which are authorised by the SFC, eligible schemes (as defined by the SFC) or non-eligible schemes in accordance with the requirements of the SFC's Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds. Investments in non-eligible schemes may not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's NAV. The Sub-Fund may also hold less than 30% of its NAV in cash or cash equivalents, short-term deposits and other money market instruments. Under exceptional circumstances (e.g. market crash or major crisis), this percentage may be temporarily increased to up to 100% for cash flow management.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivative instruments ("**FDI**") for hedging purposes only, which may include futures, forwards, or options on indices, government bonds or foreign exchange.

To allow the Manager adequate time to identify suitable investment opportunities in line with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy, the Sub-Fund is not required to adhere to the above investment limits and its assets will mainly be held in the form of cash before being invested during the first three months after the date of its launch, i.e. on or before 9 May 2024.

The Sub-Fund may enter into sale and repurchase transactions and reverse repurchase transactions on a temporary basis mainly for the purpose of meeting redemption requests. The expected and maximum level of the Sub-Fund's assets available for such transactions is 30% of its NAV. The Sub-Fund does not currently intend to enter into any securities lending transactions.

Use of derivatives / investment in derivatives

The Sub-Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Sub-Fund's NAV.

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Explanatory Memorandum for details including the risk factors.

1 General investment risk

The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore, investors' investments in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.

2 Currency risk

Underlying investments of the Sub-Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the Sub-Fund. Also, a class of shares may be designated in a currency other than the base currency of the Sub-Fund. The NAV of the Sub-Fund may be affected unfavourably by

fluctuations in the exchange rates between these currencies and the base currency and by changes in exchange rate controls.

3 Risks associated with debt securities

- Credit / counterparty risk: The Sub-Fund is exposed to the credit or default risk of issuers of the debt securities that the Sub-Fund invests in. The issuers of such instruments may incur difficulties in making full and timely repayments of principal and interests, which may lead to a default and, ultimately, a fall in the value of the Sub-Fund.
- Interest rate risk: Investment in the Sub-Fund is subject to interest rate risk. In general, the prices of debt securities rise when interest rates fall, whilst their prices fall when interest rates rise.
- Volatility and liquidity risk: The debt securities in certain markets may be subject to higher volatility and lower liquidity compared to more developed markets. The prices of securities traded in such markets may be subject to fluctuations. The bid and offer spreads of the price of such securities may be large and the Sub-Fund may incur significant trading costs. The Sub-Fund may encounter difficulties in valuing and/or disposing of assets at their fair value in a timely manner, which could impact the Sub-Fund's ability to meet redemption requests on demand.
- *Downgrading risk:* The credit rating of a debt instrument or its issuer may subsequently be downgraded. In the event of such downgrading, the value of the Sub-Fund may be adversely affected. The Manager may or may not be able to dispose of the debt securities that are being downgraded.
- Sovereign debt risk: The Sub-Fund's investment in securities issued or guaranteed by governments may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. In adverse situations, the sovereign issuers may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due or may request the Sub-Fund to participate in restructuring such debts. The Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses when there is a default of sovereign debt issuers.
- *Risks associated with collateralised and/or securitised products:* The Sub-Fund invests in asset backed securities, mortgage-backed securities and asset backed commercial papers which may be highly illiquid and prone to substantial price volatility. These instruments may be subject to greater credit, liquidity and interest rate risk compared to other debt securities. They are often exposed to extension and prepayment risks and risks that the payment obligations relating to the underlying assets are not met, which may adversely impact the returns of the securities.
- Valuation risk: Valuation of the Sub-Fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the NAV calculation of the Sub-Fund.

4 Risks associated with credit rating

- Credit rating risk: Credit ratings assigned by rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or issuer at times. The rating of an issuer is heavily weighted by past performance and does not necessarily reflect probable future conditions. Rating agencies might not always change their credit rating of an issuer in a timely manner to reflect events that could affect the issuer's ability to make scheduled payment on its obligations. In addition, there may be varying degrees of difference in credit risk of securities within each rating category. These factors may have an adverse impact on the Sub-Fund and its investors.
- Mainland China credit rating agency risk: The Sub-Fund will primarily invest in investment grade debt securities, which may comprise only of Chinese-rated Investment Grade Debt Securities. The credit appraisal system in the Mainland and the rating methodologies employed in the Mainland may be different from those employed in other markets. Credit ratings given by Mainland rating agencies may therefore not be directly comparable with those given by other international rating agencies.

5 Concentration risk

Although the Sub-Fund does not have a geographical focus, its investment may from time to time be relatively concentrated in a jurisdiction or region. If the Sub-Fund's investments are concentrated, the value of the Sub-Fund may be more volatile than that of a fund having a more diverse portfolio of investments, and may also be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting the relevant market.

6 Mainland China risk

- Concentration risk The Sub-Fund's investments may, at times, be concentrated in the Mainland China markets. The value of the Sub-Fund may be more volatile than that of a fund having a more diverse portfolio of investments. The value of the Sub-Fund may be more susceptible to adverse political, tax, economic, foreign exchange, liquidity, policy, legal and regulatory risk affecting the markets in which the Sub-Fund invests.
- Risks associated with urban investment bonds Urban investment bonds are issued by LGFVs, such bonds are typically not guaranteed by local governments or the central government of the Mainland. In the event that the LGFVs default on payment of principal or interest of the urban investment bonds, the Sub-Fund could suffer substantial loss and the NAV of the fund could be adversely affected.
- Risks associated with "Dim Sum" bonds The "Dim Sum" bond market is still a relatively small
 market which is more susceptible to volatility and illiquidity. The operation of the "Dim Sum"
 bond market as well as new issuances could be disrupted causing a fall in the NAV of the SubFund should there be any promulgation of new rules which limit or restrict the ability of issuers
 to raise RMB by way of bond issuances and/or reversal or suspension of the liberalisation of the
 offshore RMB (CNH) market by the relevant regulator(s).

7 Emerging market risk

The Sub-Fund may invest in emerging markets (such as Mainland China) which may involve increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investments in more developed markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risk/control, political and economic uncertainties, legal and taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risk and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility.

8 Eurozone risk

In light of ongoing concerns on the sovereign debt risk of certain countries within the Eurozone, the Sub-Fund's investments in the region may be subject to higher volatility, liquidity, currency and default risks. Any adverse events, such as credit downgrade of a sovereign or exit of European Union members from the Eurozone, may have a negative impact on the value of the Sub-Fund.

9 RMB currency and conversion risk

RMB is currently not freely convertible and is subject to exchange controls and restrictions. Non-RMB based investors are exposed to foreign exchange risk and there is no guarantee that the value of RMB against the investors' base currencies (e.g. HKD) will not depreciate. Any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of investor's investment in the Sub-Fund. Although offshore RMB (CNH) and onshore RMB (CNY) are the same currency, they trade at different rates. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors. Under exceptional circumstances, payment of redemptions and/or dividend payment (if any) in RMB may be delayed due to exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB.

10 RMB share class risk

The Sub-Fund offer share classes designated in RMB. When calculating the value of RMB denominated class(es), CNH will be used. The value of the RMB denominated class(es) thus calculated will be subject to fluctuation. Non-RMB based (e.g. Hong Kong) investors may have to convert HKD or other currencies into RMB when investing in the RMB denominated class(es). Subsequently, investors may also have to convert the RMB redemption proceeds and RMB

distributions received (if any) back to HKD or other currencies. During these processes, investors will incur currency conversion costs and may suffer losses if RMB depreciates against HKD or such other currencies upon receipt of the RMB redemption proceeds and/or RMB distributions (if any). Furthermore, where RMB appreciates against the currencies of non-RMB denominated underlying investors and/or base currency of the Sub-Fund (e.g. USD), and the value of non-RMB denominated underlying investors decreased, the value of investors' investments in RMB denominated class(es) may suffer additional losses.

11 Distributions out of/effectively out of capital risk

Payments of dividends out of capital or effectively out of capital amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any such distributions may result in an immediate reduction of the NAV per share.

The distribution amount and NAV of the hedged share classes may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the reference currency of the hedged share classes and the Sub-Fund's base currency, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other non-hedged share classes.

12 Risks associated with investment in FDI

The Fund may use FDIs for hedging purposes only and in adverse situations its use of FDIs may become ineffective and/or cause the Fund to suffer significant loss.

Risks associated with FDI include counterparty/credit risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, volatility risk and over-the-counter transaction risk. The leverage element/component of an FDI can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in the FDI by the Sub-Fund. Exposure to FDI may lead to a high risk of significant loss by the Sub-Fund.

13 Risks relating to sale and repurchase transactions

In the event of the failure of the counterparty with which collateral has been placed, the Sub-Fund may suffer loss as there may be delays in recovering collateral placed out or the cash originally received may be less than the collateral placed with the counterparty due to inaccurate pricing of the collateral or market movements.

14 Risks relating to reverse repurchase transactions

In the event of the failure of the counterparty with which cash has been placed, the Sub-Fund may suffer loss as there may be delays in recovering cash placed out or difficulty in realising collateral or proceeds from the sale of the collateral may be less than the cash placed with the counterparty due to inaccurate pricing of the collateral or market movements.

How has the Sub-Fund performed?

There is insufficient data to provide a useful indication of past performance to investors as the Sub-Fund is newly launched.

Is there any guarantee?

The Sub-Fund does not have any guarantee. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

What are the fees and charges?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the shares of the Sub-Fund:

Fee What you pay

Subscription Fee	Class A/I: Up to 3% of the total subscription amount	
	Class S: Nil ¹	
Redemption Fee	Nil ²	
Conversion Fee	Nil ²	

¹ The fees may be increased up to a specified permitted maximum as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum by giving shareholders at least one month's prior notice.

² A redemption fee or conversion fee of up to 3% of the redemption price per share or the subscription amount of shares in the new class (as the case may be) may be charged where the holding period of the relevant shares is less than 60 calendar days to prevent excessive trading.

Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

Fee	Annual rate (as a % of the Sub-Fund's NAV unless otherwise specified)
Management Fee*	Class A: 0.8% p.a. Class I: 0.5% p.a. Class S: 0.2% p.a.
Custodian Fee*#	Up to 0.1% p.a. of each month-end market value of the Sub-Fund's investments in custody
Administration Fee*#	Up to 0.12% p.a.
Performance Fee	Nil

* The fees may be increased up to the specified permitted maximum level as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum by giving not less than one month's notice to Shareholders.

[#]Custodian Fee and Administration Fee together are subject to a monthly minimum fee of USD3,000.

Other Fees

You may have to pay other fees and charges when dealing in the shares of the Sub-Fund.

Please refer to the section "Fees and Expenses" of the Explanatory Memorandum for details of other fees and expenses.

Additional Information

- You generally buy and redeem shares at the Sub-Fund's next determined NAV after the Administrator receives your request in good order on or before 4:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on the applicable dealing day, being the dealing cut-off time. The Administrator may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving requests from investors.
- The NAV of the Sub-Fund is calculated and the price of shares is published on each business day. They are available on the Manager's website at http://www.fullgoal.com.hk/¹.
- You may obtain the past performance information of other share classes offered to Hong Kong investors from the Manager's website at http://www.fullgoal.com.hk/¹.
- You may obtain information on the Manager from the website: http://www.fullgoal.com.hk/1.
- The composition of dividends (if any) (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital) for the last 12 months will also be available from the Manager on request and published on the Manager's website: http://www.fullgoal.com.hk/1.

¹ Investors should note that this website has not been reviewed by the SFC.

Important

Important - while section 112S of the SFO provides for segregated liability between sub-funds, the concept of segregated liability is relatively new. Accordingly, where claims are brought by local creditors in foreign courts or under foreign law contracts, it is not yet known how those foreign courts will react to section 112S of the SFO.

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.